## AWESOME ANATOMY INTRODUCTIONS - Ch 1 Notes I. Introduction

Anatomy: Micro-cell, histology Gross-surface, regional, systems Physiology: Cell physiology System physiology Pathological physiology \*\*\*Structure determines function\*\*\* II. Levels of Organization Atoms/Molecules: Cells: Tissues: Organs: Organ Systems: Organism: III. Characteristics of Life Maintaining boundaries: Movement: Digestion: Excretion: Growth: Reproduction:

Metabolism:

Responsiveness (irritability):

	ival Needs Nutrients
	are main fuel. and and and
	are for chemical reactions.
2	. Oxygen
2	In order to get energy from food, you need Oxygen
	in order to get onergy from rood, you need Oxygen
3	. Water – makes up to % of body weight
4	. Body Temperature:
	Decrease temperature and reactions get
	<ul> <li>Increase temperature and reactions get</li> </ul>
_	Body heat is from using
5	. Atmospheric Pressure
	Force exerted by weight of air      High altitude air is thin programs is leaves.
	<ul> <li>High altitude – air is thin, pressure is lower</li> </ul>
V. Homeos	stasis
-	
-	
V.Language	of Anatomy
٨٨	natomical Position
A. A	Body erect, feet together, arms hang at side
	**palms facing
B. D	irectional terms
	Superior
	Inferior
	Anterior
	Posterior
	Medial
	Lateral

Proximal

Distal

Only applies to ARMS and LEGS

Superficial

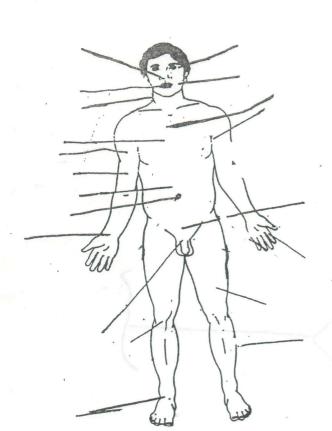
Deep

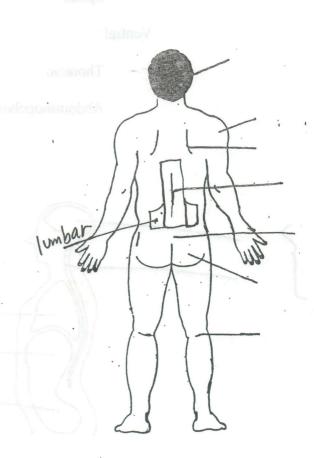
C. Body Landmarks

Visible landmarks on body for reference

Anterior:

Posterior:





## D. Body planes

Medial (Sagittal)

Frontal (Coronal)

Transverse (cross section)

E. Body Cavities

Dorsal:

Cranial

Spinal

Ventral:

Thoracic

Abdominopelvic

